





25 Years for Better Health Systems

# Inflation on healthcare with a focus on pharmaceuticals

Prepared by Curatio International Foundation

### Background



Approximately 80% of households spend around 80% on medicines out of amount spent on health, only richest 20% is spending about 40%.

Thus, pharma spending concerns almost everybody

Prevalence of catastrophic spending on pharmaceuticals increased from 11.5% to 17.4% between 2013 and 2018.

Average monthly expenditure on pharmaceuticals of an average households is 267.9GEL

Cost of imported medicines increased by 41% in Georgian Lari (GEL) / 7% in US dollars (USD) from 2016 to 2020. (31.4% increase in USD/GEL exchange rate 2016-2020 likely contributes to this discrepancy between USD and GEL)

Imports make up a large majority of the pharmaceutical market in Georgia, amounting to US\$483.24 million during 2022

CIF. (2021). რა დაავადება ჭირს ქვეყნის ფარმაცევტულ სექტორს და რა შეიძლება იყოს მისი საშველი? Goginashvili K., Nadareishvili M., & Habicht T.(2021). [Can people afford to pay for health care? New evidence on financial protection in Georgia]. World Health Organization. Regional Office for Europe. https://apps.who.int/iris/handle/10665/342814. License: CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO

 $Geostat. (2023). Average \ monthly \ expenditure \ of \ households. \ \underline{https://www.geostat.ge/personalinflation/?lang=en}$ 

### Pharmaceutical policy reform

2014-2023

Date of enactment

9/2014

8/2016

7/2017

1/2022

1/2023

Phase II: 2/15 Phase II: 3/15

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### **Prescription Requirement**

Prescription requirements introduced for group 2 drugs to support more rational consumption of pharmaceuticals

### **Electronic prescriptions**

Non-compulsory eprescriptions are launched on a small scale by the Georgian Government in Tbilisi

### **Subsidized** medications

Georgian Government implements drug reimbursement plan, offering subsidized pharmaceuticals to patients of the six most prevalent chronic diseases (hypertension, COPD, diabetes type 2, thyroid diseases, Parkinson's, epilepsy)

#### Drug Imports

Georgia Allows
Parallel Drug
Imports from
Turkey without
further national
authorization

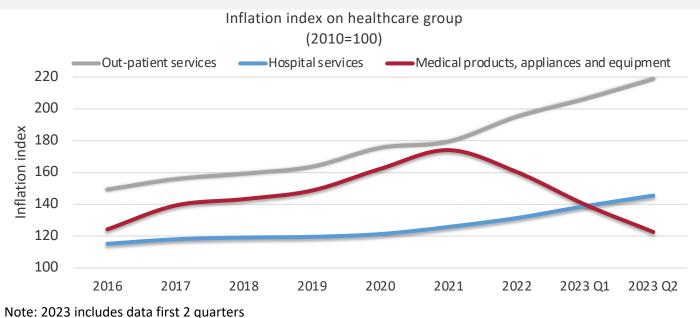
#### Reference Pricing

Georgian Government begins reference pricing scheme for pharmaceuticals

partial introduction of prices on (a) Antibiotics and (b) cardiovascular medications as well as medicines for type 2 diabetes, epilepsy, oncology, thyroid and pulmonary diseases

#### Inflation on healthcare

#### Inflation index on healthcare group



- The prices for the healthcare group decreased by 6.9% with main contribution from medical products, appliances and equipment subgroup that has decelerated by -17.2% in June 2023.
- According to the inflation index (2010=100), after a long upward trend in medical product price growth, there was a substantial decline after 2021, potentially linked to parallel import from Turkey.
- Prices in June 2023 fell below the 2017 level.

#### Monthly inflation rate



- In the second quarter of 2023, **healthcare group** was *not* among top contributors to the overall monthly inflation rate, which was mainly driven by food, transport and utilities.
- In April 2023, consumer price index for **healthcare group** *increased* by 0.9% compared to the previous month, while in the following months it showed slight decrease, and fell up to 0.6 in May and 0.3 in June.



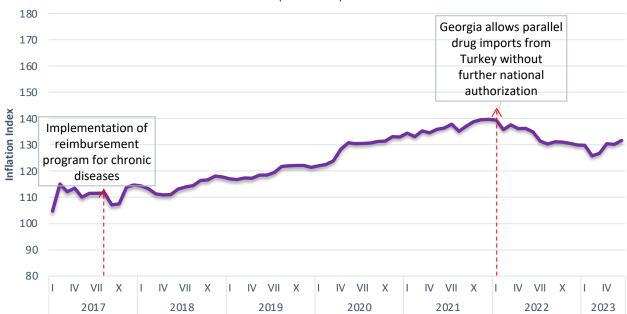
In February 2023, the change in consumer price index (CPI) of **medical products, appliances and equipment** was -8.1%, while prices for hospital services

increased by 1.3%

## Inflation Index of certain Medicines







Note: MoM-month on month CPI change

Data Source: Geostat. (2017-2023). Consumer Price Index (Inflation). https://www.geostat.ge/en/search?query=inflation&page=12



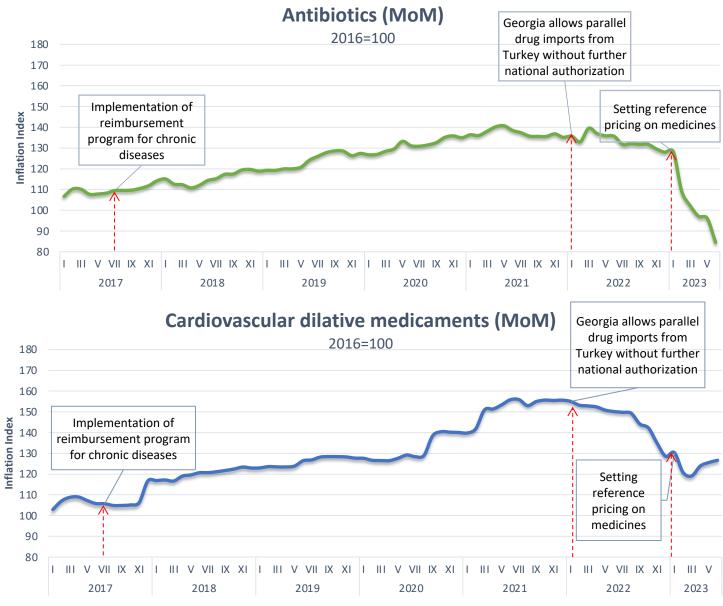
Data Sources: National Bank of Georgia (average monthly exchange rate)

- Prices for all medicines declined since introduction of imports from Turkey, which has gradually expanded
- The decline could be partially explained by GEL appreciation against USD by 15%

MoH. (2021).The list of medicines imported from Turkey has been expanded. https://www.moh.gov.ge/kg/pews/6614/TurgeTidag-importizehulk-medikamentehis-sig-agfacToyda

Business media.(2022). Medicines imported from Turkey can be purchased at 4 pharmacy chains - Ministry of Health. https://bm.ge/news/turqetidan-importirebuli-medikamentebis-shedzena-4-saaftiaqo-qselshia-shesadzlebeli---jandacvis-saministro/105461

#### Inflation Index of certain Medicines (2)



Note: These are the two drug groups from Phase I of reference pricing scheme, on which CPI is available on a public domain.

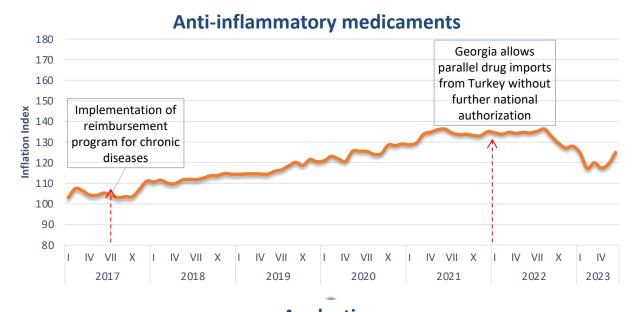
Data source: Geostat. (2017-2023). Consumer Price Index (Inflation). https://www.geostat.ge/en/search?query=inflation&page=12

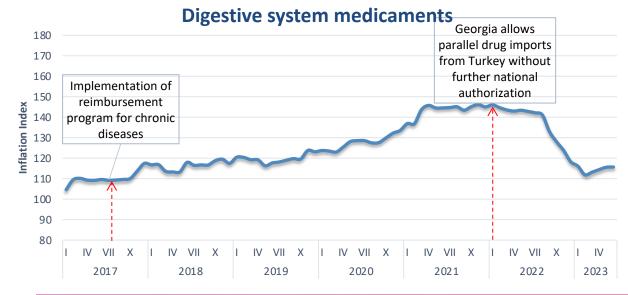
- The first phase of the reference pricing system was enacted in Georgia on February 15<sup>th</sup>. It was introduced for selected categories of medicines, including Antibiotics and cardiovascular medications. Subsequently, the list of medicines under this system was gradually expanded in March and May, respectively.
- Reform potentially contributed to the overall price decline observed in May.<sup>1</sup>
- Furthermore, it resulted in a slightly larger decrease in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) during Q1 of 2023 for Antibiotics and Cardiovascular medications compared to medications without reference pricing, indicating the influence of Phase I of the reform.
- It is worth noting that the list of medicines from the referred two groups continued to increase gradually in Q2, further positively impacting the price on Antibiotic group.

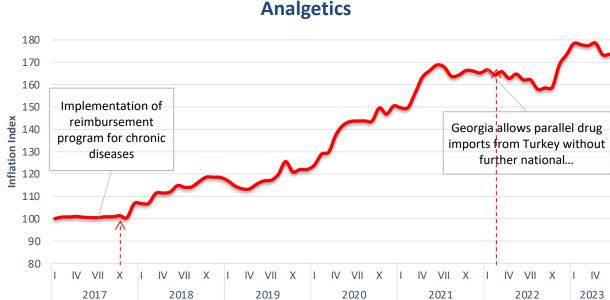
Note:  $\triangle$ GEL/USD exchange rate 2022-2023 = -15%

1. WB. GEORGIA MONTHLY ECONOMIC UPDATE – JUNE 2023, retrieved from chrome-extension://efaidnbmnnnibpcajpcglclefindmkaj/https://thedocs.worldbank.org/en/doc/0fdf18 59b07785ebc3b6f23335122438-0080012023/original/GEO-MEU-June-2023-eng.pdf

#### Inflation Index of certain Medicines (3)







- Parallel drug imports from Turkey have positively influenced the reduction of prices for almost all medicine categories (as visible from slides) since January 2022.
- However, prices for medication groups not covered by the reference pricing system during the first two quarters, such as Anti-inflammatory, analgesics and medicines for digestive system, in fact, increased since 2023.

Note: Graphs represent month-on-month changes in CPI, and not direct changes in price itself. Also note ΔGEL/USD exchange rate 2022-2023 = -15%

### **Summary**

- The Georgian pharmaceutical market is highly dependent on imports, amounting to US\$483.24 million during 2022.
- High prices for medicines are one of the most important challenges of the healthcare system in Georgia. Although
  reforms introduced since 2013 have improved access to health care, high out-of-pocket payments, especially for
  outpatient medicines, persists.
- But according to the NDI public opinion poll at the end of 2022, every third Georgian reported spending less on drugs compared to last year, though household expenditure on medicines still consumed significant share of household income<sup>2</sup>.
- While over the past few years (2016-2021) prices on medical products, appliances and equipment increased, in 2022 the price growth decelerated dramatically for the first time since 2012.

In conclusion, presented data suggests that the newly introduced reforms, specifically the decision to import drugs from Turkey and the adoption of reference pricing, possibly are yielding positive results. This is also supported by a poll conducted in 2022 by NDI. However, it is probable that future NDI and other surveys will offer further insights into the impact of these policy changes on the people. Meanwhile, a deeper understanding of the cause-and-effect relationship of the policy actions, the long-term sustainability of these outcomes, and their lasting effects on patients' well-being requires an extended period of observation using a more rigorous methodology, tools and data.







#### **Disclaimer**

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